

## NOISE MEASUREMENT IN THE INTERIOR OF PASSENGER ROAD VEHICLES

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**Abstract:** The noise is the one of negative elements influencing human health. This article aims at the measurement of noise emitted by road vehicle and its parts during the operation. The measurement was done with a digital sound meter in the interior of common passenger cars. The results compare the noise value in different cars with different body shape, which influences the drivers health.

**Keywords:** noise measurement, passenger road vehicle, road transport, driver.

### Introduction

Noise may be defined as a source or a vibration of a solid. Thus, the physical cause of the noise is quivering solid. Noise is therefore a sound which does not have a steady rate. If the vibration of the sound source is regular, we perceive tones, i.e. musical sound. If the sound is erratic from quivering body, we perceive it as noise. This body can be air, water, wood, or any other material [1, 2, 3, 4].

An environment that spreads sound sensation from quivering body to your ear, it is mostly air. Vacuum is the only environment that cannot spread noise.

The unit bel (B) is used to express the sound intensity level, but mostly its tenth - decibel (dB). Examples of sound intensity:

- 20 dB - whisper,
- 50 dB - conversation,
- 60 dB - rush street,
- 90 dB - motorcycle,
- 110 dB - rock concert,
- 120 dB - jet aeroplane.

The noise would also be defined as "undesirable and harmful sound." Therefore, nowadays there are limits of noise emissions imposed on the vehicles. Vehicle approving is based on the Economic Commission for Europe of the United Nations (UN ECE) 51. Measurement of noise emissions is carried out in accordance with Annex 10 Methods and instruments for measuring the noise made by motor vehicles [5, 6, 7].

### Measuring devices

a) *Sound level meter Voltcraft Plus SL-300 (fig. 1).*

This digital device was used to record sound. The measuring range is 30-130 dB to within  $\pm 1.4\%$ . The sound meter is connected to a 9V battery that lasts for 50 hours. It has internal memory that can be recorded and kept 32.600 values.

This device consists of three parts:

- measuring microphone with polyuretan cover,
- LCD display with resolution of 2000 points,
- controls, connectors, USB port.



Fig. 1. Sound level meter Voltcraft Plus SL-300.

*b) Video Car Recorder TX300 (fig. 2).*

GPS Camera TX300 is a recording system of driving characteristics, which uses GPS, GPS / GPRS system and a 3D accelerometer. It is used to record the position, accelerations in 3 axes and instantaneous velocity. The device is powered by 12-24V battery. For data recording it is necessary to insert the SD card.

This device consists of five parts:

- wind screen camera, resolution 640x480,
- built-in microphone,

- GPS receiver with antenna,
- GSM-GPRS modem,
- 3G accelerometer.

The device enables to record:

- video and audio recording according to pre-set parameters,
- video recording from integrated camera,
- video recording from external camera,
- standard GPS data (position, speed, time),
- 3G integrated accelerometer data (accelerations in 3-axes).



Fig. 2. Video Car recorder TX 300.

*c) Combined thermo – hygro meter device.*

**Measurement procedure**

*1. Calibration of sound level meter*

Before the beginning and the end of the measuring, the device was checked with the sound calibrator that fulfils the requirements for the sound calibrators of accuracy Class 1 according to IEC 942:1988. Without any further adjustment the difference between the readings of two consecutive checks shall be less or

should equal the value of 0.5 dB. If this value is exceeded, the results of the measurements obtained after the previous satisfactory check shall be discarded.

*2. Measuring of environmental influences*

It was also necessary to check the outdoor temperature and humidity. To determine these variables, we used a combined instrument for measuring of temperature and humidity (thermo – hygro meter). We have measured the temperature of 8.9°C and humidity of 54%.

This values were constant during the whole measurement.

### 3. Sound level measuring in interior of moving vehicle

The sound level measuring was done in-motion in three vehicles in the area of city Zilina (Slovakia) and in other neighbour parts of the city:

- every measurement was done twice in each vehicle,
- there were three types of measurements:
  - constant speed of 50 km/h,
  - full acceleration from 50 km/h to 90 km/h and deceleration to 50 km/h,
  - urban cycle (vehicle operation in urban area),
- vehicle was fully loaded (5 person),
- navigator arranged the driver by using visual signals,
- person behind the driver manipulated with the sound level meter – the measuring position was next to the driver's left ear (higher sound level than at the right ear) ,

- air temperature and humidity were measured all the time and used by calculating their influence on the normative sound level,
- measured values were evaluated in graphs and tables – the final value was presented as arithmetical average without the extreme values (max and min value) in chosen time interval.

#### Constant speed of 50 km/h

We performed measurement on the vehicle that moved at a steady speed of 50 km/h. The actual gear was chosen according to the optimal engine rotation (3<sup>rd</sup> or 4<sup>th</sup>). The duration time of the measurement was in the range from 20 to 27 seconds, according to the actual traffic situation (the longest time interval of the constant speed driving). In the charts below there are recorded waveforms of sound level of chosen vehicles.

Figure 3 provides a graphical representation of sound measurement in the vehicle Volkswagen Polo at constant speed of 50 km/h. The sound level ranged from 61.3 to 70.1 dB in the vehicle.

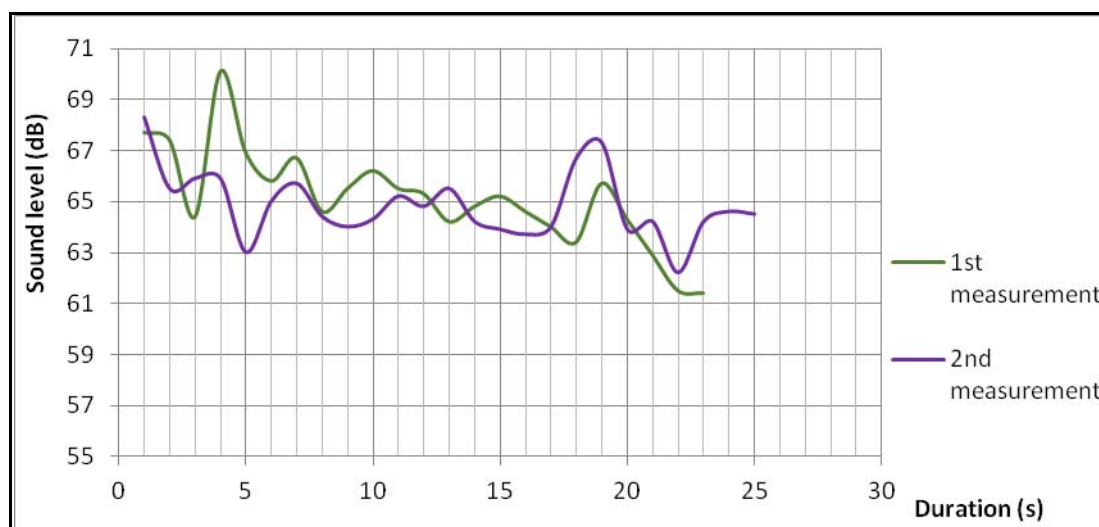


Fig. 3. Sound level in VW at constant speed of 50 km/h.

#### Acceleration from 50 to 90 km/h

This measurement was done on a local road between city Zilina and village Rosina. The vehicle accelerated to the velocity of 90 km/h from the initial velocity of 50 km/h on a straight part of the road.

At the figure 4 there is the recording of the sound level measurement in the vehicle Citroen

Berlingo, where the sound level ranged from 63.3 to 71.9 dB. The difference between individual measurements is relatively large due to that in recording of the first measurement, driver was shifting from the third to the fourth gear during the acceleration and at the second measurement the vehicle was accelerated to the desired speed only on the fourth gear.

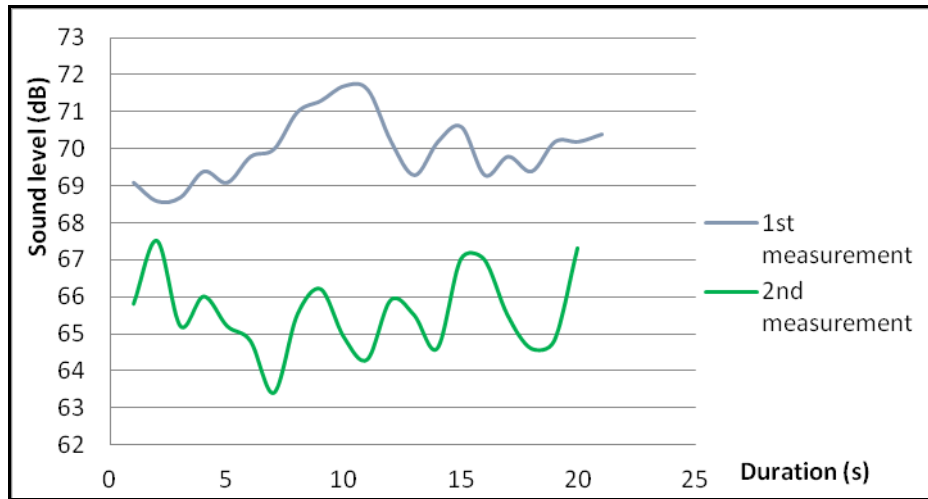


Fig. 4. Sound level in Citroen Berlingo during acceleration.

We also have done two measurements in the vehicle Jaguar X-type and their curves can be seen in the figure 5. The sound level during

acceleration of the vehicle ranged the interval from 63.4 to 71.2 dB.

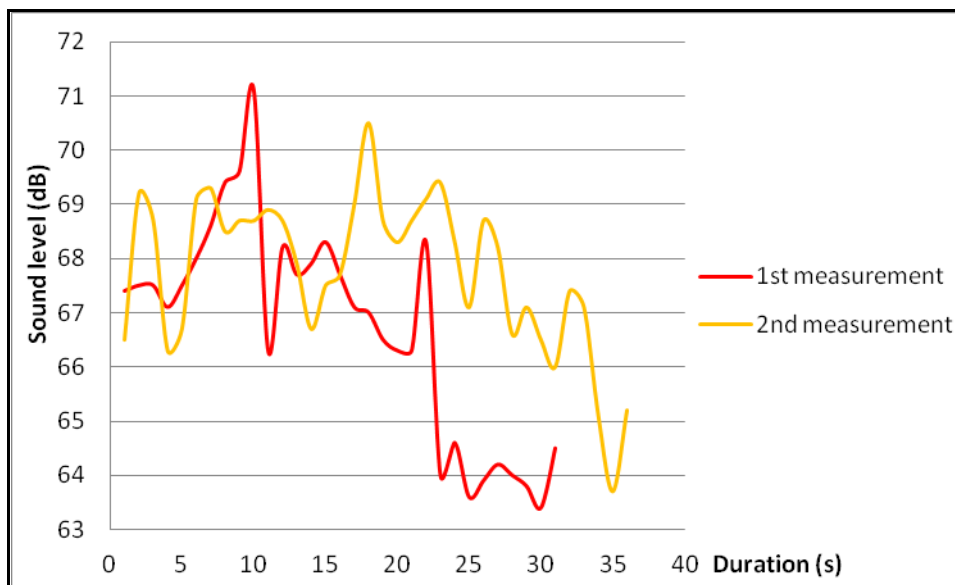


Fig. 5. Sound level in Jaguar X-type during acceleration.

Urban cycle

We used the GPS TX 300 camera that recorded the route, speed, distance, travel time, track elevation of the vehicle moving. Recorded track, which we simulated the urban cycle on, can be seen in figure 6. Website

<http://www.gpsvisualizer.com/> was used for the evaluation of the recorded data from the GPS camera. It was able to make the speed profile with respect to measurement duration (figure 7) or a speed profile with respect to the travel distance.



Fig. 6. Recorded track during urban cycle measurement.

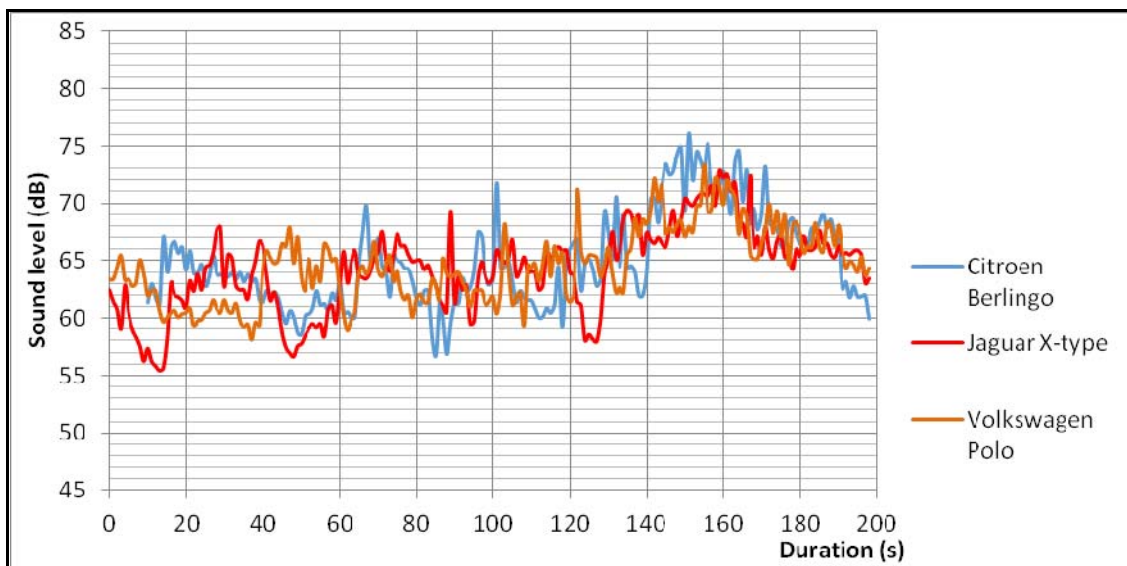


Fig. 7. Vehicle speed profile during urban cycle.

In the figure 7 there is recording during measurement of sound level on three moving vehicles in the urban area. There can be seen that the highest sound level was in the vehicle Citroen Berlingo (76.1 dB). The sound level in vehicles Jaguar X-type and Volkswagen Polo is almost the same, but lower levels we measured for the vehicle Jaguar X-type (73 dB). The sound level in the vehicle Volkswagen Polo

reached a value of 73.5 dB. This sound level was reached only in a short part of the track with higher velocity (up to 70 km/h) and higher lateral slope (elevation), so higher engine power was needed to move the vehicle. It is the reason of the sound level pick of the all vehicles. The average sound level values measured during the whole duration of the urban cycle are seen in the figure 8.

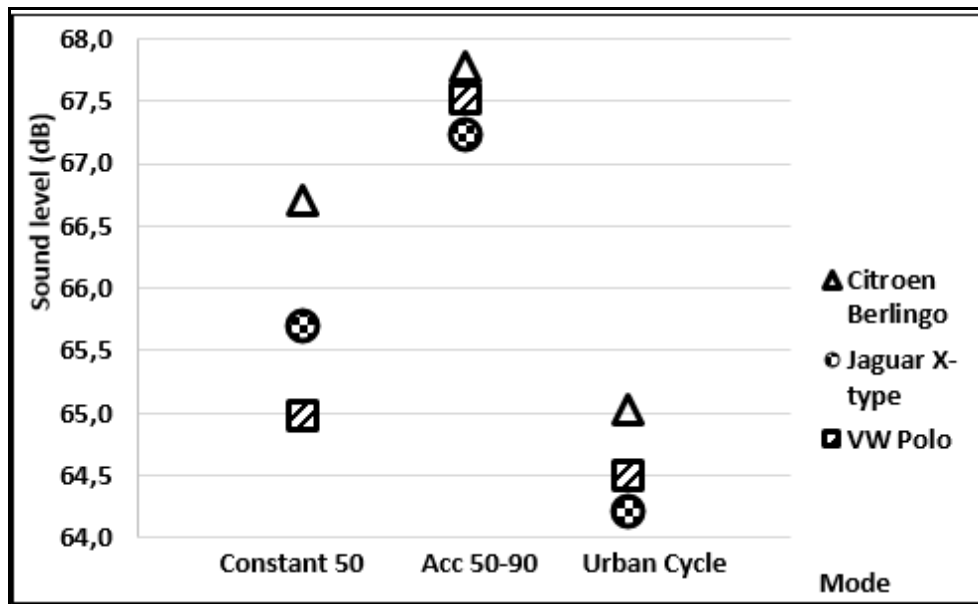


Fig. 8. The average sound level values of all measurements

**Pick values**

The highest sound level measured during constant speed was in the vehicle Citroen Berlingo, value 69.8 dB. Conversely, vehicle Jaguar X-type reached the lowest sound level of 68.9 dB. VW was the noisiest vehicle during the acceleration test with the value of 73 dB and Jaguar X-type was the least noisy vehicle with the noise level of 71.2 dB. In the urban driving test Citroen reached the highest sound level once again, value of 76.1 dB, and Jaguar X-type achieved the lowest sound level with the value of 73 dB. But it is not proper to draw conclusions from these values because they

were reached only for 1 or 2 seconds. These values are important from the point of view of the human health, but evaluated average values are suitable to compare the sound levels in the vehicles [8, 9, 10].

**Evaluation**

The table 1 below shows evaluated values of measured sound level. These values , except from extreme ones, are average numbers. These results are based on the comparison of all measured vehicles. Pick values of sound level are seen in the previous graphs.

Table 1. Final evaluation.

vehicle	constant speed 50 km/h [dB]	acc 50-90 km/h [dB]	urban cycle [dB]
Citroen Berlingo	66,7	67,8	65,0
Jaguar X-type	65,7	67,2	64,2
VW Polo	65,0	67,5	64,5

**Conclusion**

Citroen Berlingo was the noisiest of the tested vehicles, it belongs to the light commercial vehicles whose practical side is mainly used

and it does not put the emphasis on the driving comfort. The second place was scored by Volkswagen Polo vehicle, which belongs to family cars with a separate luggage compartment, which reduces the noise in the

vehicle and then increases driving comfort. Quite noisy three-cylinder engine caused higher level of noise during the speed increasing. Most of the driving sound comfort you are able to enjoy in the vehicle Jaguar X-type. As a luxury

brand of vehicles, vehicle manufacturer Jaguar emphasizes the low noise level in the vehicle, because this aspect it significantly contributes to the driving comfort of the vehicle.

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